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and procedures as specified in this section, except as provided in §60.8(b).

(b) The owner or operator shall determine compliance with the total fluorides standards in §60.232 as follows:

(1) The emission rate (E) of total fluorides shall be computed for each run using the following equation:

$$E = \left(\sum_{i=1}^{N} C_{si} Q_{sdi}\right) / (PK)$$

where:

 $\label{eq:emission} E = emission \ rate \ of total \ fluorides, \ g/Mg \ (lb/ton) \ of \ equivalent \ P_2O_5 \ feed.$

C_{si} = concentration of total fluorides from emission point "i," mg/dscm (gr/dscf).

Q_{csi} = volumetric flow rate of effluent gas

Q_{sdi} = volumetric flow rate of effluent gas from emission point "i," dscm/hr (dscf/ hr).

N = number of emission points in the affected facility.

P = equivalent P_2O_5 feed rate, Mg/hr (ton/hr). K = conversion factor, 1000 mg/g (7,000 gr/lb).

(2) Method 13A or 13b shall be used to determine the total fluorides concentration (C_{si}) and volumetric flow rate (Q_{sdi}) of the effluent gas from each of the emission points. The sampling time and sample volume for each run shall be at least 60 minutes and 0.85 dscm (30 dscf).

(3) The equivalent P_2O_5 feed rate (P) shall be computed for each run using the following equation:

$$P = M_p R_p$$

where:

 $M_{\rm p}$ total mass flow rate of phosphorus-bearing feed, Mg/hr (ton/hr).

 R_p = P_2O_5 content, decimal fraction.

(i) The accountability system of $\S 60.233(a)$ shall be used to determine the mass flow rate (M_p) of the phosphorus-bearing feed.

(ii) The Association of Official Analytical Chemists (AOAC) Method 9 (incorporated by reference—see $\S 60.17$) shall be used to determine the P_2O_5 content (R_p) of the feed.

[54 FR 6670, Feb. 14, 1989; 54 FR 21344, May 17, 1989, as amended at 65 FR 61757, Oct. 17, 2000]

§ 60.235 Recordkeeping.

Any facility under §60.230(a) that commences construction, modification, or reconstruction after November 7, 2014 is subject to the requirements of

this section. You must maintain the records identified as specified in §60.7(f) and in paragraphs (a) and (b) of this section. All records required by this subpart must be maintained onsite for at least 5 years.

(a) Records of the daily average pressure drop through the absorber.

(b) Records of deviations. A deviation is determined to have occurred when the monitoring data or lack of monitoring data result in any one of the criteria specified in paragraphs (b)(1) and (2) of this section being met.

(1) A deviation occurs when the daily average value of a monitored operating parameter is less than the minimum pressure drop, or greater than the maximum pressure drop established in §60.233(d)(3).

(2) A deviation occurs when the monitoring data are not available for at least 75 percent of the operating hours in a day.

[80 FR 50435, Aug. 19, 2015]

Subpart X—Standards of Performance for the Phosphate Fertilizer Industry: Granular Triple Superphosphate Storage Facilities

§ 60.240 Applicability and designation of affected facility.

(a) The affected facility to which the provisions of this subpart apply is each granular triple superphosphate storage facility. For the purpose of this subpart, the affected facility includes any combination of: Storage or curing piles, conveyors, elevators, screens and mills.

(b) Any facility under paragraph (a) of this section that commences construction or modification after October 22, 1974, is subject to the requirements of this subpart.

[42 FR 37938, July 25, 1977]

§ 60.241 Definitions.

As used in this subpart, all terms not defined herein shall have the meaning given them in the Act and in subpart A of this part.

(a) Granular triple superphosphate storage facility means any facility curing or storing fresh granular triple superphosphate.